



Hydrochloric Acid, 37% w/w

Safety Data Sheet

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product form	: Substance
Substance name	: Hydrochloric Acid, 37% w/w
CAS No	: 7647-01-0
Product code	: 1.1190
Formula	: HCl
Synonyms	: Hydrochloric acid / hydrochloric acid, conc=37%, aqueous solution
BIG no	: 29443

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Laboratory chemical

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

NEUTRON PHARMACHEMICAL CO
98, 9th Floor, Borjsaz Building, Azadi Ave, Tehran, Iran.
T 021-66906732-3 - F 021-66581408
info@neutronpharmaceutical.com -
www.neutronpharmaceutical.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CHEMTREC: 125

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification

Acute Tox. 4 (Oral) H302
Skin Corr. 1B H314
Eye Dam. 1 H318
STOT SE 3 H335

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :



GHS05

GHS07

Signal word (GHS-US) :

Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) :

H302 - Harmful if swallowed
H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H318 - Causes serious eye damage
H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) :

P260 - Do not breathe mist, spray, vapours
P264 - Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
P280 - Wear eye protection, face protection, protective clothing, protective gloves
P301+P330+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting
P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/...
P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed
P405 - Store locked up
P501 - Dispose of contents/container to Comply with applicable regulations

2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification :

None.

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2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Substance type	: Multi-constituent
Name	: Hydrochloric Acid, 37% w/w
CAS No	: 7647-01-0
EC no	: 231-595-7
EC index no	: 017-002-01-X

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Water	(CAS No) 7732-18-5	63	Not classified
Hydrogen chloride	(CAS No) 7647-01-0	37	Compressed gas, H280 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation), H331 Skin Corr. 1A, H314

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

3.2. Mixture

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general	: Check the vital functions. Unconscious: maintain adequate airway and respiration. Respiratory arrest: artificial respiration or oxygen. Cardiac arrest: perform resuscitation. Victim conscious with laboured breathing: half-seated. Victim in shock: on his back with legs slightly raised. Vomiting: prevent asphyxia/aspiration pneumonia. Prevent cooling by covering the victim (no warming up). Keep watching the victim. Give psychological aid. Keep the victim calm, avoid physical strain. Depending on the victim's condition: doctor/hospital.
First-aid measures after inhalation	: Remove the victim into fresh air. Respiratory problems: consult a doctor/medical service.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Wash immediately with PE-glycol 400. Wash immediately with lots of water (15 minutes)/shower. Remove clothing while washing. Do not remove clothing if it sticks to the skin. Cover wounds with sterile bandage. Consult a doctor/medical service. If burned surface > 10%: take victim to hospital.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Rinse immediately with plenty of water for 15 minutes. Do not apply neutralizing agents. Take victim to an ophthalmologist.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Rinse mouth with water. Immediately after ingestion: give lots of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting. Immediately consult a doctor/medical service. Call Poison Information Centre (www.big.be/antigif.htm). Take the container/vomit to the doctor/hospital. Do not give chemical antidote. Ingestion of large quantities: immediately to hospital.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: Dry/sore throat. Coughing. Irritation of the respiratory tract. Irritation of the nasal mucous membranes. EXPOSURE TO HIGH CONCENTRATIONS: Respiratory difficulties. Possible laryngeal spasm/oedema. Corrosion of the upper respiratory tract. FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS MAY APPEAR LATER: Risk of pneumonia. Risk of lung oedema.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: Caustic burns/corrosion of the skin.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Corrosion of the eye tissue. Permanent eye damage.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: Burns to the gastric/intestinal mucosa. Blood in vomit. Possible esophageal perforation. Shock.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Obtain medical assistance.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	: EXTINGUISHING MEDIA FOR SURROUNDING FIRES: All extinguishing media allowed.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: No unsuitable extinguishing media known.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard	: DIRECT FIRE HAZARD. Non combustible. INDIRECT FIRE HAZARD. Reactions involving a fire hazard: see "Reactivity Hazard".
Explosion hazard	: INDIRECT EXPLOSION HAZARD. Reactions with explosion hazards: see "Reactivity Hazard".
Reactivity	: Decomposes on exposure to temperature rise: release of (highly) toxic gases/vapours (chlorine). On exposure to air: release of corrosive mist. Reacts violently with (some) bases. Reacts exothermically with many compounds. Reacts with (strong) oxidizers: release of (highly) toxic gases/vapours (chlorine). Reacts with (some) metals: release of highly flammable gases/vapours (hydrogen).

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5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Precautionary measures fire : Exposure to fire/heat: keep upwind. Exposure to fire/heat: consider evacuation. Exposure to fire/heat: seal off low-lying areas. Exposure to fire/heat: have neighbourhood close doors and windows.
- Firefighting instructions : Dilute toxic gases with water spray. Take account of toxic fire-fighting water. Use water moderately and if possible collect or contain it.
- Protection during firefighting : Heat/fire exposure: compressed air/oxygen apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

- Protective equipment : Gloves. Face-shield. Corrosion-proof suit. Large spills/in enclosed spaces: compressed air apparatus. Large spills/in enclosed spaces: gas-tight suit. Reactivity hazard: compressed air/oxygen apparatus. Reactivity hazard: gas-tight suit.
- Emergency procedures : Mark the danger area. No naked flames. In case of hazardous reactions: keep upwind. In case of reactivity hazard: consider evacuation. Large spills/in confined spaces: consider evacuation. Wash contaminated clothes.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

- Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.
- Emergency procedures : Stop leak if safe to do so. Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent soil and water pollution. Prevent spreading in sewers.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- For containment : Contain released substance, pump into suitable containers. Consult "Material-handling" to select material of containers. Plug the leak, cut off the supply. Dam up the liquid spill. Hazardous reaction: measure explosive gas-air mixture. If reacting: dilute combustible/toxic gases/vapours. Take account of toxic/corrosive precipitation water. Heat exposure: dilute toxic gas/vapour with water spray.
- Methods for cleaning up : Liquid spill: neutralize with soda (sodium carbonate). Neutralized substance: take up in absorbent material. Scoop absorbed substance into closing containers. Damaged/cooled tanks must be emptied. Carefully collect the spill/leftovers. Take collected spill to manufacturer/competent authority. Clean contaminated surfaces with an excess of water. Wash clothing and equipment after handling.

6.4. Reference to other sections

No additional information available

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

- Precautions for safe handling : Comply with the legal requirements. Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Clean contaminated clothing. Thoroughly clean/dry the installation before use. Do not discharge the waste into the drain. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Observe strict hygiene. Keep container tightly closed. Measure the concentration in the air regularly. Carry operations in the open/under local exhaust/ventilation or with respiratory protection.
- Hygiene measures : Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Incompatible products : Strong bases. metals. cyanides.
- Storage temperature : 2 - 25 °C
- Heat and ignition sources : KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: heat sources.
- Prohibitions on mixed storage : KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: oxidizing agents. (strong) bases. metals. amines.
- Storage area : Ventilation at floor level. Keep locked up. Provide for a tub to collect spills. Meet the legal requirements.
- Special rules on packaging : SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS: closing. corrosion-proof. clean. correctly labelled. meet the legal requirements. Secure fragile packagings in solid containers.
- Packaging materials : MATERIAL TO AVOID: steel. metal.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

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Hydrogen chloride (7647-01-0)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m ³)	2.98 mg/m ³
USA ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (ppm)	2 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (mg/m ³)	7 mg/m ³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	5 ppm

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.
Materials for protective clothing	: GIVE GOOD RESISTANCE: natural rubber. nitrile rubber.
Hand protection	: Gloves.
Eye protection	: Face shield.
Skin and body protection	: Corrosion-proof clothing.
Respiratory protection	: Gas mask with filter type B. Gas mask with filter type E. High vapour/gas concentration: self-contained respirator.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Appearance	: Liquid.
Molecular mass	: 36.46 g/mol
Colour	: Colourless.
Odour	: Irritating/pungent odour.
Odour threshold	: No data available
pH	: < 1
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: No data available
Melting point	: No data available
Freezing point	: -30 °C
Boiling point	: No data available
Flash point	: Not applicable
Self ignition temperature	: Not applicable
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapour pressure	: No data available
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: 1.2
Density	: 1190 kg/m ³
Solubility	: Soluble in water. Water: Complete
Log Pow	: 0.25 (QSAR)
Log Kow	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: 0.0023 Pa.s (15 °C)
Explosive properties	: Not applicable.
Oxidising properties	: None.
Explosive limits	: No data available

9.2. Other information

Minimum ignition energy	: Not applicable
VOC content	: Not applicable
Other properties	: Gas/vapour heavier than air at 20°C. Producing fumes/mist. Substance has acid reaction.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Decomposes on exposure to temperature rise: release of (highly) toxic gases/vapours (chlorine). On exposure to air: release of corrosive mist. Reacts violently with (some) bases. Reacts exothermically with many compounds. Reacts with (strong) oxidizers: release of (highly) toxic gases/vapours (chlorine). Reacts with (some) metals: release of highly flammable gases/vapours (hydrogen).

10.2. Chemical stability

No data available.

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10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reacts violently with (some) bases: release of heat.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible materials.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong bases. metals. cyanides. silver nitrate.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hydrogen chloride.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Harmful if swallowed.

Hydrochloric Acid, 37% w/w (\f)7647-01-0	
LD50 oral rat	700 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	5010 mg/kg

Hydrogen chloride (7647-01-0)	
ATE (gases)	700.000 ppm/4h

Water (7732-18-5)	
LD50 oral rat	≥ 90000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
pH: < 1

Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye damage.
pH: < 1

Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified

Carcinogenicity : Not classified

Hydrochloric Acid, 37% w/w (7647-01-0)	
IARC group	3

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) : Not classified

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : Dry/sore throat. Coughing. Irritation of the respiratory tract. Irritation of the nasal mucous membranes. EXPOSURE TO HIGH CONCENTRATIONS: Respiratory difficulties. Possible laryngeal spasm/oedema. Corrosion of the upper respiratory tract. FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS MAY APPEAR LATER: Risk of pneumonia. Risk of lung oedema.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact : Caustic burns/corrosion of the skin.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Corrosion of the eye tissue. Permanent eye damage.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : Burns to the gastric/intestinal mucosa. Blood in vomit. Possible esophageal perforation. Shock.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - water : Mild water pollutant (surface water). Ground water pollutant. Maximum concentration in drinking water: 250 mg/l (chloride) (Directive 98/83/EC). Slightly harmful to fishes. Toxic to plankton. pH shift. Insufficient data available on ecotoxicity.

Hydrochloric Acid, 37% w/w (7647-01-0)	
LC50 fishes 1	282 mg/l (96 h; Gambusia affinis; PURE SUBSTANCE)
EC50 Daphnia 1	< 56 mg/l (72 h; Daphnia magna; PURE SUBSTANCE)
LC50 fish 2	862 mg/l (Leuciscus idus; PURE SUBSTANCE)
TLM fish 1	282 ppm (96 h; Gambusia affinis; PURE SUBSTANCE)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Hydrochloric Acid, 37% w/w (7647-01-0)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable. No (test)data on mobility of the components of the mixture available.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	Not applicable

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Hydrochloric Acid, 37% w/w (7647-01-0)	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable
ThOD	Not applicable
BOD (% of ThOD)	Not applicable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Hydrochloric Acid, 37% w/w (7647-01-0)	
Log Pow	0.25 (QSAR)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).

12.4. Mobility in soil

Hydrochloric Acid, 37% w/w (7647-01-0)	
Ecology - soil	May be harmful to plant growth, blooming and fruit formation.

12.5. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations : Recycle by distillation. Dehydrate/make insoluble. Immobilize the toxic or harmful components. Remove to an authorized dump (Class I). Treat using the best available techniques before discharge into drains or the aquatic environment.

Additional information : LWCA (the Netherlands): KGA category 01. Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADR / RID / ADNR / IMDG / ICAO / IATA

14.1. UN number

UN-No.(DOT) : 1789

DOT NA no. UN1789

14.2. UN proper shipping name

DOT Proper Shipping Name : Hydrochloric acid

Department of Transportation (DOT) Hazard Classes : 8 - Class 8 - Corrosive material 49 CFR 173.136

Hazard labels (DOT) : 8 - Corrosive substances



Packing group (DOT) : II - Medium Danger

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : A3 - For combination packagings, if glass inner packagings (including ampoules) are used, they must be packed with absorbent material in tightly closed metal receptacles before packing in outer packagings.

A6 - For combination packagings, if plastic inner packagings are used, they must be packed in tightly closed metal receptacles before packing in outer packagings.

B3 - MC 300, MC 301, MC 302, MC 303, MC 305, and MC 306 and DOT 406 cargo tanks and DOT 57 portable tanks are not authorized.

B15 - Packagings must be protected with non-metallic linings impervious to the lading or have a suitable corrosion allowance.

IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized.

N41 - Metal construction materials are not authorized for any part of a packaging which is normally in contact with the hazardous material.

T8 - 4 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... Prohibited

TP2 - a. The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: (image) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling, and is the mean coefficient of cubical expansion of the liquid between the mean temperature of the liquid during filling (tf) and the maximum mean bulk temperature during transportation (tr) both in degrees celsius. b. For liquids transported under ambient conditions may be calculated using the formula: (image) Where: d15 and d50 are the densities (in units of mass per unit volume) of the liquid at 15 C (59 F) and 50 C (122 F), respectively.

TP12 - This material is considered highly corrosive to steel.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 154

DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 202

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DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 242

14.3. Additional information

Other information : No supplementary information available.

State during transport (ADR-RID) : as liquid.

Overland transport

Packing group (ADR) : II
Class (ADR) : 8 - Corrosive substances
Hazard identification number (Kemler No.) : 80
Classification code (ADR) : C1
Danger labels (ADR) : 8 - Corrosive substances



Orange plates : An orange rectangular label with a black border. It is divided into two horizontal sections. The top section contains the number '80' in black, and the bottom section contains the number '1789' in black.

Tunnel restriction code : E

Transport by sea

DOT Vessel Stowage Location : C - The material must be stowed "on deck only" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.
EmS-No. (1) : F-A
EmS-No. (2) : S-B

Air transport

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail : 1 L
(49 CFR 173.27)
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 : 30 L
CFR 175.75)

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Hydrochloric Acid, 37% w/w (7647-01-0)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists) :	5000 lb
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Hydrochloric Acid, 37% w/w (7647-01-0)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) inventory.	
WHMIS Classification	Class E - Corrosive Material

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Skin Corr. 1B H314
STOT SE 3 H335
Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

C; R34
Xi; R37
Full text of R-phrases: see section 16

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15.2.2. National regulations

Hydrochloric Acid, 37% w/w (7647-01-0)

Listed on the Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List

15.3. US State regulations

Hydrochloric Acid, 37% w/w(7647-01-0)

State or local regulations

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16:

Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation)	Acute toxicity (inhal.), Category 3
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
Compressed gas	Gases under pressure Compressed gas
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1
Skin Corr. 1A	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1A
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1B
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation

NFPA health hazard

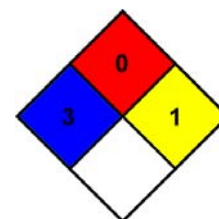
: 3 - Short exposure could cause serious temporary or residual injury even though prompt medical attention was given.

NFPA fire hazard

: 0 - Materials that will not burn.

NFPA reactivity

: 1 - Normally stable, but can become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures or may react with water with some release of energy, but not violently.



HMIS III Rating

Health

: 3 Serious Hazard - Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given

Flammability

: 0 Minimal Hazard

Physical

: 1 Slight Hazard

Personal Protection

: H

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

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